# Review: Solving

Test D

1) 
$$10 + 7x = 38$$

$$9x + 19 = 1 + 3x$$

$$60 - 2p = 10$$

$$11 + 4x = 55 - 18x$$

$$8(x-5) = 2x + 14$$

$$5x - 2x + 1 = 4x + 3x - 11$$

7. 
$$\frac{x}{5} + 4 = 1$$

$$8. \quad \frac{3x}{4} + 2 = 3$$

9. 
$$\frac{4}{3}(x+1)=9$$

10. 
$$\frac{3}{x} = \frac{9}{2}$$

11. 
$$\frac{x+1}{5} = \frac{6}{7}$$

12. 
$$\frac{3x+1}{4x-5} = \frac{7}{5}$$

## Graph the following equation

$$y = \frac{3}{4}x - 5$$

# Graph the following equation

$$6y + 12x = 24$$

# Graph the following equation

$$y - 5 = 3(x - 4)$$

# Solve for y and Graph the following equation

$$5(x-3y) = 35x + 45$$

# Solve for y and make a table of values

$$-2x + 4y = 12 + 2x$$

X	У
-5	
-3	
0	
4	
6	

$$4 + 3x > 12 + x$$

$$20-4x \le 50+2x$$

$$60 - 2x > 40$$

$$-4(2x + 1) < 3(3x + 4)$$

$$2x + 5 > 11$$
 or  $-3x + 2 \ge 11$ 

$$8 < 3x + 2 \le 14$$

Solve the following equation for the indicated variable

$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh \qquad \text{for b}$$

Solve the following equation for the indicated variable

$$R = C(1+r)$$
 for r